Proposal for publication

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Let ABC be a triangle with circumcircle Γ , circumcenter O and orthocenter H. Denote M the small arc \widehat{BC} of the circle Γ . The parallel through O to MB, respectively MC cuts AB, respectively AC in E, respectively F and the perpendicular bisector of EF cuts the small arc \widehat{BC} of Γ in P. Show that CP = CH.

Solution:

Denote $\angle ABC = \beta$, $\Gamma_1 = \triangle AEF$ circumcircle, $\Gamma \cap AH = \{S\}$ and $AH \cap \Gamma_1 = \{T\}$.

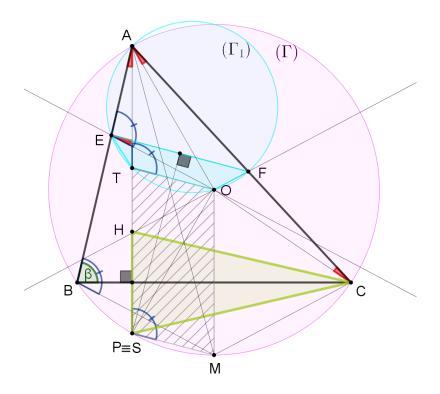


Figura 1:

• Show that ETOF is an isosceles trapezoid According to the inscribed angle theorem, in the circle Γ :

 \triangle AOC is an isosceles triangle, with

$$\angle OAC = \angle OAF = \frac{180^{\circ} - 2\beta}{2} = 90^{\circ} - \beta \qquad (*1)$$

$$AH \perp BC \Rightarrow \angle BAH = \angle EAH = 90^{\circ} - \beta$$
 (*2)

From (*1), (*2) results

$$\angle OAF = \angle EAH$$

In the circle Γ_1

$$\angle OAF = \angle OEF = \frac{\widehat{OF}}{2}$$

At congruent angles correspond congruent chords, so

$$OF = ET \Rightarrow EF \parallel TO \Rightarrow ETOF$$
 is an isosceles trapezoid

• Show that TSMO is a parallelogram, so OM = TS

$$EO \parallel BM \Rightarrow \angle AEO = \angle MBA$$
 (*4)

From (*3), (*4), (5) results

$$\angle ATO = \angle MSA \Rightarrow OT \parallel MP$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} AH \perp BC \\ OM \perp BC \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow OM \parallel AH \Rightarrow OTSM = \text{ parallelogram } \Rightarrow OM = TS \\ \end{array}$$

• Show that CP = CH

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} OM = TS \\ OM = OS \text{ radii of } \Gamma \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow OS = TS$$

S is in the perpendicular bisector of OT and also in the perpendicular bisector of EF (because ETOF is an isosceles trapezoid), so

$$P \equiv S$$

P is the symmetrical reflection of point H against BC, so BC is the perpendicular bisector of HP and

$$\triangle HPC$$
 is isosceles triangle $\Rightarrow CP = CH$